

# Direct action pressure reducing valve



Thread connection  
Flange connection

Model 513  
Model 514



For steam and gases. (For liquids, consult our technical department).  
Suitable for application in; ironing machines, laundries and dry cleaners', cooking vats, textile machinery, drying cylinders, autoclaves, steam ovens, distilleries, heat exchangers, the food industry, chemical laboratories, etc.

## Specifications

- Materials carefully selected for resistance to wear, extreme temperatures and corrosion. They can be fully recycled, and use a single, non-metallic, asbestos-free joint.
- Simplicity of design, ensuring minimum maintenance requirements.
- Easy installation; may be assembled in any position, even upside down.
- Moderate weight and size.
- Interior design conceived for maximum capacity and performance for size.
- Easy to adjust. The valves are supplied unregulated, but with the corresponding spring, duly identified, for the required pressure reduction.
- Rating plate which identifies the regulation field.
- Three springs, easily interchangeable and identified by colour and code.
- Anchoring system immune to vibrations; may be sealed to prevent manipulation.
- Self-centring lock, independent of axle, designed to guarantee absolute precision of regulation at the most demanding points.
- Protective filter for the locking surfaces.
- High degree of airtightness of the lock at zero consumption, exceeding the requirements of EN 12266-1.
- Stainless steel bellows welded to the plasma. Airtightness tested with helium, ensuring absolute reliability and long life.
- All valves undergo thorough testing.
- Each component is numbered, registered and inspected. If previously requested, the valve will be accompanied by certificates corresponding to materials, batch, tests and performance.

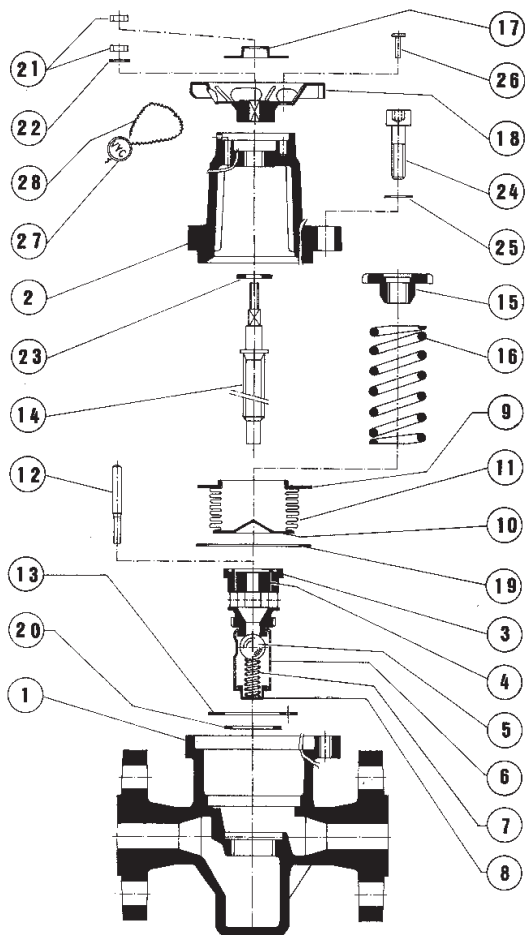
## IMPORTANT

We recommend, if necessary, the use of thermal and acoustic insulation textile jackets Model 008.

Depending on demand:

- May be manufactured using other materials for specific working conditions (high temperatures, fluids, etc.).
- Other connections.

PIECE	PIECE	NODULAR IRON	CARBON STEEL	STAINLESS STEEL
1	Body	Nodular iron (EN 5.3105)	Carbon steel (EN-1.0619)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4408)
2	Cover	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)
3	Seating	Stainless steel (EN-1.4542)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4542)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4542)
4	Guide	Graphite PTFE (Teflón)	Graphite PTFE (Teflón)	Graphite PTFE (Teflón)
5	Lock	Stainless steel (EN-1.4034)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4034)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4034)
6	Filter	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)
7	Auxiliary spring	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
8	Cap	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
9	Bellows ring	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
10	Bellows disc	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
11	Bellows	Stainless steel (EN-1.4571)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4571)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4571)
12	Axle	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
13	Separator disc	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4404)
14	Regulation screw	Carbon steel (EN-1.1191)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1191)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1191)
15	Spring press	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)
16	Spring	Chrome-silicon steel (EN-10270-2-FDSiCr)	Chrome-silicon steel (EN-10270-2-FDSiCr)	Chrome-silicon steel (EN-10270-2-FDSiCr)
17	Rating plate	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4301)
18	Handwheel	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)	Aluminium (EN-AC-44200)
19	Body joint	Graphite	Graphite	Graphite
20	Seating joint	PTFE (Topchem)	PTFE (Topchem)	PTFE (Topchem)
21	Nut	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)
22	Washer	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)
23	Washer	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)
24	Screw	Carbon steel (EN-1.1191)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1191)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4401)
25	Washer	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Stainless steel (EN-1.4401)
26	Anchoring bolt	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)	Carbon steel (EN-1.1141)
27	Seal	Plastic	Plastic	Plastic
28	Sealing wire	Sealing wire	Sealing wire	Sealing wire
R		1/2" to 1" (GAS, NPT)		
DN		15 to 25 (EN, ANSI)		
PN		25	40	40
OPERATING CONDITIONS	PRESSURE IN bar	17	17	17
	MAX. TEMP. IN °C	210	230	230
	MIN. TEMP. IN °C	-10	-10	-60



R	DN	1/2"		3/4"		1"		15		20		25	
CONNECTIONS		Whitworth gas-tight cylindrical female ISO 228/1 (DIN-259)						I - Flanges PN-25 EN-1092-1/PN-40 EN-1092-2 II - Flanges class 150 lbs ASME/ANSI B.16.5					
		NPT thread ANSI/ASME B1.20.1						I	II	I	II	I	II
H		57		57		57		57		57		57	
H1		150		150		150		150		150		150	
h		25		25		25		25		25		25	
L		85		95		105		150		150		160	
B		75		75		75		75		75		75	
D		—		—		—		95	90	105	100	115	110
K		—		—		—		65	60,30	75	69,90	85	79,40
I		—		—		—		14	15,90	14	15,90	14	15,90
b		—		—		—		16	11,20	18	12,70	18	14,30
DRILLS N°.		—		—		—		4		4		4	
WEIGHT IN kgs.	NODULAR IRON	1,98		2,05		2,29		3,60		3,65		4,73	
	CARBON STEEL	2,08		2,15		2,44		3,85		3,95		5,05	
	STAINLESS STEEL	2,13		2,25		2,55		3,95		4,08		5,20	
SPRING REGULATING RANGE IN bar (REDUCED PRESSURE)		0,14 to 1,70	1,40 to 4,00	3,50 to 8,60	0,14 to 1,70	1,40 to 4,00	3,50 to 8,60	0,14 to 1,70	1,40 to 4,00	3,50 to 8,60	0,14 to 1,70	1,40 to 4,00	3,50 to 8,60
		GAS	NPT	GAS	NPT	GAS	NPT	GAS	NPT	EN	ANSI	EN	ANSI
CODE	NODULAR IRON 2001-	513.60261	513.60261	513.60262	513.60262	513.60263	513.60263	513.63461	513.63461	513.63462	513.63462	513.61061	513.61061
		513.80241	513.80241	513.80242	513.80242	513.80243	513.80243	513.83441	513.83441	513.83442	513.83442	514.81041	514.81041
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
	CARBON STEEL 2001-	513.80241	513.80241	513.80242	513.80242	513.80243	513.80243	513.83441	513.83441	513.83442	513.83442	514.81041	514.81041
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
		513.80241	513.80241	513.80242	513.80242	513.80243	513.80243	513.83441	513.83441	513.83442	513.83442	514.81041	514.81041
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
	STAINLESS STEEL 2001-	513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021
		513.80221	513.80221	513.80222	513.80222	513.80223	513.80223	513.83421	513.83421	513.83422	513.83422	514.81021	514.81021

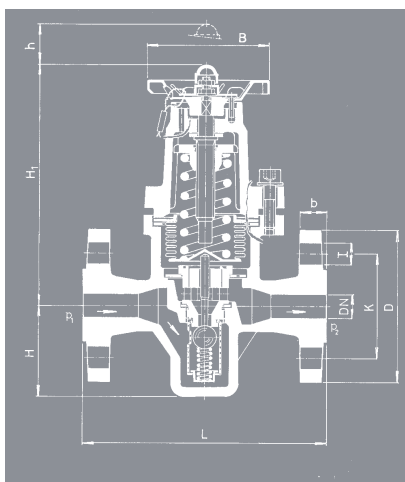
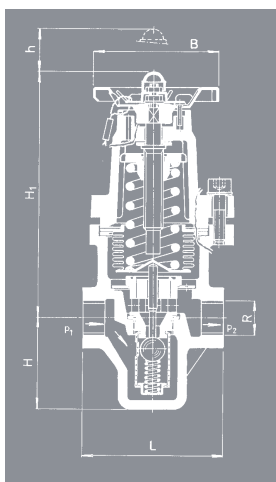
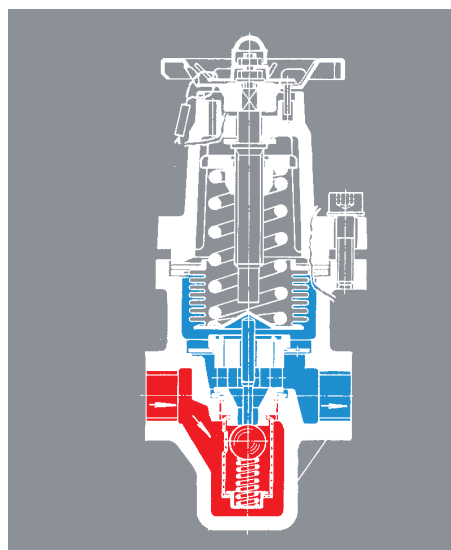
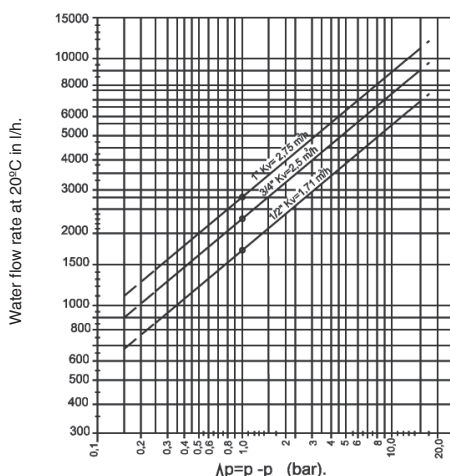


TABLE OF PRESSURES, FLOW COEFFICIENTS AND REGULATION FIELDS			
R	1/2"	3/4"	1"
DN	15	20	25
MAXIMUM INPUT PRESSURE IN bar (P1 MAX.)	17		
MAXIMUM REDUCTION DIFFERENTIAL IN bar	P1 : 10		
MINIMUM REDUCED PRESSURE IN bar (P2 MIN.)	0,14		
FLOW COEFFICIENT Kvs m3/h ΔP = 1 bar	1,50	2,50	3,00
SPRING REGULATING RANGE IN bar (REDUCED PRESSURE)	0,14 to 1,70	CODE	56494
		IDENTIFICATION COLOUR	White
	1,40 to 4,00	CODE	56495
		IDENTIFICATION COLOUR	Pink
	3,50 to 8,60	CODE	56496
		IDENTIFICATION COLOUR	Red

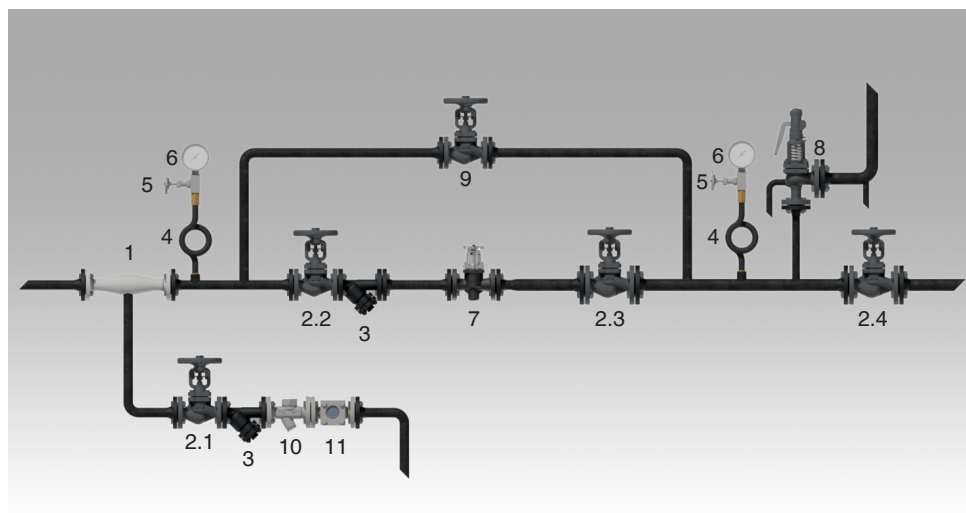
DN		15		20		25	
PRESSURE IN bar		I- Saturated steam in Kg/h. II- Air at 0°C and 1.013 bar in [Nm³/h]. III- Water flow rate at 20°C in l/h. with a loss of pressure Δp and coefficient Kv.		For other, not so dense liquids, other than water at 20°C apply: $V_L \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho_L}{\rho_A}} \cdot V_A = V_L \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho_L}{\rho_A}}$		V <sub>A</sub> = Water flow according to table. Q <sub>A</sub> = Liquid flow. Q <sub>L</sub> = Water density at a 20° C (Q <sub>A</sub> =998 Kg/m³). Q <sub>L</sub> = Liquid density.	
		I	II	I	II	I	II
INPUT P <sub>1</sub>	REDUCED P <sub>2</sub>						
2	0,2	6	8	7	9	10	14
	1	26	35	32	39	42	58
	1,5	30	40	37	48	52	71
3	0,3	12	15	15	18	21	27
	1	30	33	37	49	54	74
	1,5	42	54	52	67	73	101
	2	50	67	64	82	89	123
	2,5	66	75	70	93	99	138
4	0,4	19	25	24	30	32	43
	1	38	49	45	61	69	89
	1,5	50	67	62	82	87	121
	2	62	82	77	100	108	150
	2,5	70	91	87	114	122	172
5	3	75	98	92	121	129	189
	0,5	42	57	52	69	79	98
	2	68	90	85	113	120	168
	3	88	115	108	143	153	213
	4	96	125	120	155	168	232
6	0,6	46	60	57	74	82	108
	2	74	98	92	123	132	181
	3	98	126	120	159	171	236
	4	110	142	136	180	192	265
	5	106	139	132	175	188	260
7	0,7	50	67	63	84	89	119
	2	81	106	102	133	142	194
	3	104	135	131	171	182	254
	4	118	154	148	194	206	288
	6	114	150	142	188	201	278
8	0,8	54	71	67	88	94	129
	2	87	113	108	141	152	213
	3	112	146	138	181	196	272
	4	129	169	162	221	227	314
	6	138	180	173	253	245	338
9	0,9	48	67	63	82	92	125
	2	90	116	120	147	157	216
	3	116	151	145	189	204	280
	4	136	177	170	221	239	333
	5	150	195	187	244	264	363
10	7	155	199	194	250	275	374
	1	58	77	73	95	105	142
	2	92	122	121	151	164	227
	3	120	158	150	196	214	293
	4	142	186	178	233	250	347
11	6	170	208	212	277	297	412
	8	178	229	220	286	307	426
	1,1	66	88	82	108	121	160
	2	96	127	123	159	171	240
	3	130	170	162	212	227	316
12	4	158	205	195	255	276	380
	6	196	221	242	317	339	473
	8	214	278	266	347	374	518
	8,6	218	284	271	355	383	530
	1,2	73	99	95	126	132	186
13	2	108	135	128	167	178	249
	3	138	177	170	221	240	332
	4	165	214	205	268	290	398
	6	206	268	255	332	360	492
	8	230	300	285	374	404	578
15	8,6	233	305	289	380	414	579
	1,3	85	111	106	140	148	208
	2	110	141	134	175	187	260
	3	141	185	175	231	249	343
	4	170	224	213	278	298	412
17	6	217	283	281	350	382	527
	8	246	325	307	403	435	604
	8,6	251	356	314	412	445	615
	1,5	92	117	113	148	161	220
	2	112	142	138	179	196	266
	3	144	187	177	236	252	348
	4	172	229	208	285	308	420
	6	202	284	290	365	390	544
	8	222	336	318	419	448	626
	8,6	240	343	355	428	459	639
	1,7	104	128	123	160	173	239
	2	116	145	141	183	196	270
	3	147	191	181	241	258	355
	4	174	233	221	328	314	429
	8	229	349	340	434	469	650
	8,6	252	359	344	444	478	673





- Area of influence of input pressure. (P<sub>1</sub>)
- Area of influence of reduced pressure. (P<sub>2</sub>)

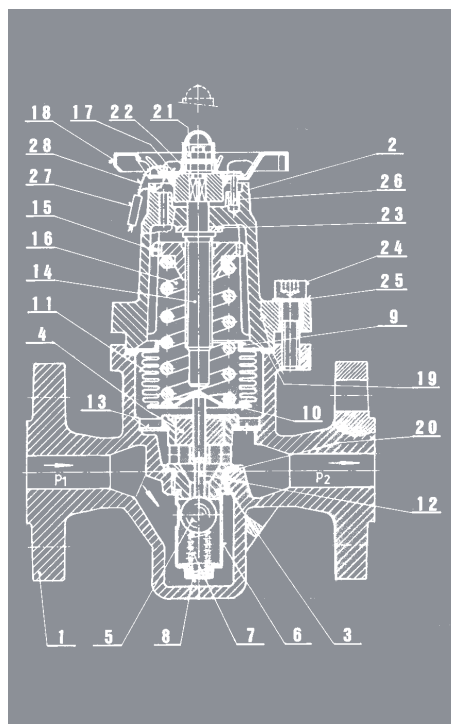
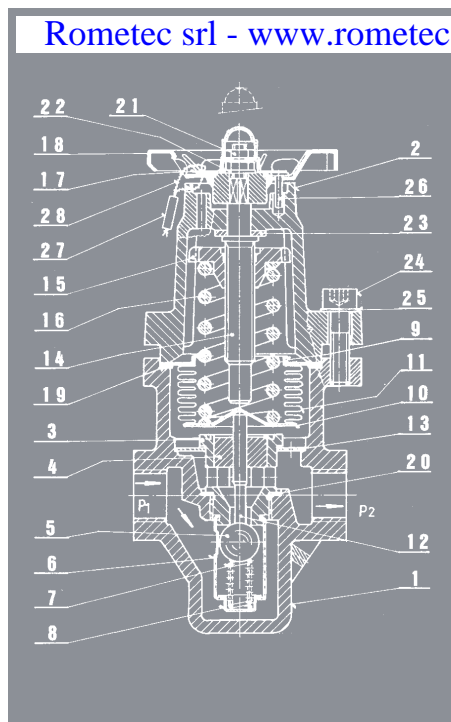
### Example of installation for steam



- 1 Condensate separator.
- 2 Interruption valve.
- 3 Filter.
- 4 Syphon tube.
- 5 Pressure gauge cock.
- 6 Pressure gauge.
- 7 Pressure reducing valve.
- 8 Safety valve.
- 9 Interruption valve with adjusting cone.
- 10 Condensate purger.
- 11 Window sight glasses.

### IMPORTANT

- The distance between the pressure reducing valve **7** and the interruption valves **2.2** and **2.3** must be 8 ÷ 10 times the diameter of the tube.
- It is advisable to install the separator **1** and the condensate purger **10** using wet steam with dragging.



#### Start-up and adjustment of the reduced pressure

- 1- Before start-up, the tubes and the inside of the valve itself should be cleaned, eliminating any residues or impurities, particularly from the locking surfaces.
- 2- Check the rating plate (17) to verify that the regulation field for the reduced pressure is appropriate and that the spring (16) corresponds to the same range.
- 3- Remove the nut (21), the rating plate (17) and the anchoring bolt (26).
- 4- With the input interruption valve fully open and the output interruption valve closed, turn the handwheel (18) gradually from left to right to increase the reduced pressure, or from right to left to decrease it, until the required reduced pressure is obtained at zero consumption.
- 5- Slowly open the output interruption valve.
- 6- Readjust the required reduced pressure in consumption conditions.
- 7- Put the anchoring bolt (26) and the rating (17) in place, and fix with the nut (21).
- 8- Seal the valve to prevent further adjustments, using the sealing wire (28) and the seal (27).
- 9- We recommend that the input pressure P1 and the reduced pressure P2 be recorded in the corresponding space of the rating plate (17).

#### Assembly and disassembly

- 1- Unseal the valve by cutting the wire (28).
- 2- Remove the nut (21), the rating plate (17) and the anchoring bolt (26).
- 3- Turn the handwheel (18) from right to left until you notice the spring (16) loosening.
- 4- Remove the screws (24) along with the washers (25).
- 5- Separate the cover (2) from the body (1), and you will have access to all the internal components. This enables simple maintenance and replacement of the spring (16), the bellows components (9) (10) (11) and the seating components (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8).
- 6- If the seating has been disassembled, replace the joint (20) with a new one. Put a new body joint in place (19).
- 7- Put the axle (12) in the guide hole (4) and check that it can move freely and is perpendicular to the bellows disc (10) when the bellows components (9) (10) (11) are put in place.
- 8- Select the spring (16) corresponding to the reduced pressure.
- 9- Put the cover (2) on the body (1) and the screws (24) with the washers (25), and screw them in.
- 10- Finally, proceed as described in "Start-up and adjustment of the reduced pressure".

#### Maintenance

Correct installation with interruption valves at the input and output points facilitates maintenance.

The filter (6) should be cleaned regularly.

When assembling the valve, replace the seating joint (20) and body joint (19) with new ones.